

**STATE OF COLORADO**  
**ABSTRACT OF VOTES CAST**

at the

**PRIMARY ELECTION**

Held on the Eighth day of September A.D., 1964

and at the

**GENERAL ELECTION**

Held on the Third day of November A.D., 1964

FOR

Presidential Electors, United States Congressmen,  
State, Legislative and District Officers

AND

Proposed Constitutional Amendments  
Referred Bills

ALSO

Directory of the United States, State, Legislative,  
District and County Officers

AND

General Information Pertinent to  
Elections and Elected Officials



COMPILED FROM OFFICIAL RETURNS

BY

**BYRON A. ANDERSON**, Secretary of State  
**TED BACH**, Deputy  
**KENNETH C. RUSSELL**, State Elections Officer

**1 9 6 4**

**PRICE 50 CENTS**



## DISTRICT ATTORNEY, COUNTIES OF CLEAR CREEK, GILPIN, AND JEFFERSON

First Judicial District	Edward N. Juhon —Rep.		Barney O'Kane —Dem.	
	Primary Election	General Election	Primary Election	General Election
County				
Clear Creek.....	238	834	227	894
Gilpin.....	75	311	138	278
Jefferson.....	4,837	37,147	2,781	36,807
	5,150	38,292	3,146	37,979

## DISTRICT ATTORNEY, DENVER COUNTY

Second Judicial District	Primary Election	General Election
Cameron, Duncan J.—Rep.....	1,694	67,829
Keating, Bert M.—Dem.....	39,798	134,027

## DISTRICT ATTORNEY, COUNTIES OF HUERFANO AND LAS ANIMAS

Third Judicial District	Franklin W. Azar —Rep.		Dean C. Mabry —Dem.		Ernest U. Sandoval —Dem.
	Primary Election	General Election	Primary Election	General Election	Primary Election
County					
Huerfano.....	99	1,008	1,034	2,740	960
Las Animas.....	533	3,258	3,275	5,458	1,723
	632	4,266	4,309	8,198	2,683

## DISTRICT ATTORNEY, COUNTIES OF EL PASO, KIT CARSON, LINCOLN AND TELLER

Fourth Judicial District	Robert L. Russel —Rep.		Norman E. Walton —Rep.	
	Primary Election	General Election	Primary Election	General Election
County				
El Paso.....	3,641	32,080	2,887	
Kit Carson.....	322	2,145	191	
Lincoln.....	257	1,687	116	
Teller.....	62	869	26	
	4,282	36,781	3,220	

## DISTRICT ATTORNEY, COUNTIES OF EAGLE, LAKE, AND SUMMIT

Fifth Judicial District	Harold A. Grant —Rep.	
	Primary Election	General Election
County		
Eagle.....	238	1,471
Lake.....	183	2,183
Summit.....	89	649
	510	4,303

## DISTRICT ATTORNEY, COUNTIES OF ARCHULETA, LA PLATA, AND SAN JUAN

Sixth Judicial District	Al H. Haas —Dem.	
	Primary Election	General Election
County		
Archuleta.....	218	720
La Plata.....	496	6,312
San Juan.....	34	315
	748	7,347

**DISTRICT ATTORNEY, COUNTIES OF DELTA, GUNNISON, HINSDALE,  
MONTROSE, OURAY, AND SAN MIGUEL**

Seventh Judicial District	William J. Knous —Dem.		Ralph E. Miller —Rep.	
	Primary Election	General Election	Primary Election	General Election
County				
Delta.....	785	3,864	1,668	3,079
Gunnison.....	563	1,338	308	1,058
Hinsdale.....	19	91	69	107
Montrose.....	1,094	3,608	1,340	3,130
Ouray.....	76	515	128	328
San Miguel.....	285	573	128	423
	<u>2,822</u>	<u>9,989</u>	<u>3,641</u>	<u>8,125</u>

**DISTRICT ATTORNEY, COUNTIES OF JACKSON AND LARIMER**

Eighth Judicial District	Gene E. Fischer —Rep.	
	Primary Election	General Election
County		
Jackson.....	127	555
Larimer.....	3,195	16,100
	<u>3,322</u>	<u>16,655</u>

**DISTRICT ATTORNEY, COUNTIES OF GARFIELD, PITKIN, AND RIO BLANCO**

Ninth Judicial District	C. V. Marmaduke —Dem.		John A. F. Wendt —Rep.	
	Primary Election	General Election	Primary Election	General Election
County				
Garfield.....	582	2,939	738	2,431
Pitkin.....	100	790	80	675
Rio Blanco.....	289	528	424	1,639
	<u>971</u>	<u>4,257</u>	<u>1,242</u>	<u>4,745</u>

**DISTRICT ATTORNEY, PUEBLO COUNTY**

Tenth Judicial District	Primary Election	General Election
Parlapiano, Carl—Dem.....	9,663	33,509

**DISTRICT ATTORNEY, COUNTIES OF CHAFFEE, CUSTER, FREMONT, AND PARK**

Eleventh Judicial District	Harold R. Harward —Rep.		Mack Witty —Dem. (Write-in)
	Primary Election	General Election	General Election
County			
Chaffee.....	270	2,468	0
Custer.....	211	500	0
Fremont.....	1,444	5,915	106
Park.....	332	731	0
	<u>2,257</u>	<u>9,614</u>	<u>106</u>

**DISTRICT ATTORNEY, COUNTIES OF ALAMOSA, CONEJOS, COSTILLA,  
MINERAL, RIO GRANDE, AND SAGUACHE**

Twelfth Judicial District	John Ira Green —Rep.		John B. Smith —Dem.	
	Primary Election	General Election	Primary Election	General Election
County				
Alamosa.....	170	1,733	333	2,342
Conejos.....	313	1,647	696	1,689
Costilla.....	6	406	731	1,226
Mineral.....	0	117	144	182
Rio Grande.....	195	2,218	268	1,799
Saguache.....	93	877	148	932
	<u>777</u>	<u>6,998</u>	<u>2,320</u>	<u>8,170</u>

**DISTRICT ATTORNEY, COUNTIES OF LOGAN, MORGAN, PHILLIPS,  
SEDGWICK, WASHINGTON, AND YUMA**

Thirteenth Judicial District	Sherman E. Walrod —Rep.	
	Primary Election	General Election
County		
Logan.....	634	5,852
Morgan.....	1,141	5,974
Phillips.....	321	1,582
Sedgwick.....	291	1,421
Washington.....	553	1,967
Yuma.....	474	3,093
	<u>3,414</u>	<u>19,889</u>

**DISTRICT ATTORNEY, COUNTIES OF GRAND, MOFFAT, AND ROUTT**

Fourteenth Judicial District	Sid Pleasant (Write-in)		Worth F. Shrimpton —Dem.	
	General Election	Primary Election	Primary Election	General Election
County				
Grand.....	0	154	1,251	
Moffat.....	11	412	2,536	
Routt.....	0	729	2,451	
	<u>11</u>	<u>1,295</u>	<u>6,238</u>	

**DISTRICT ATTORNEY, COUNTIES OF BACA, CHEYENNE, KIOWA, AND PROWERS**

Fifteenth Judicial District	Carl M. Shinn —Dem.	
	Primary Election	General Election
County		
Baca.....	364	1,798
Cheyenne.....	253	832
Kiowa.....	172	937
Prowers.....	1,212	4,818
	<u>2,001</u>	<u>8,385</u>

## DISTRICT ATTORNEY, COUNTIES OF BENT, CROWLEY, AND OTERO

Sixteenth Judicial District	D. E. Johnson —Dem.		George L. Strain —Rep.	
	Primary Election	General Election	Primary Election	General Election
County				
Bent.....	249	1,484	192	1,331
Crowley.....	250	718	197	1,003
Otero.....	<u>1,057</u>	<u>4,073</u>	<u>1,369</u>	<u>5,773</u>
	1,556	6,275	1,758	8,107

## DISTRICT ATTORNEY, ADAMS COUNTY

Seventeenth Judicial District	Primary Election	General Election
Dansky, Marvin—Dem.....	4,186	
Gifford, Leslie A.—Rep.....	709	19,664
Marks, Floyd—Dem.....	4,351	27,576

## DISTRICT ATTORNEY, COUNTIES OF ARAPAHOE, DOUGLAS, AND ELBERT

Eighteenth Judicial District	William P. Dixon —Rep.		Martin P. Miller —Dem.	
	Primary Election	General Election	Primary Election	General Election
County				
Arapahoe.....	4,034	20,790	2,277	28,086
Douglas.....	326	1,449	322	1,304
Elbert.....	<u>422</u>	<u>981</u>	<u>149</u>	<u>733</u>
	4,782	23,220	2,748	30,123

## DISTRICT ATTORNEY, WELD COUNTY

Nineteenth Judicial District	Primary Election	General Election
Bohlender, William E.—Rep.....	2,144	11,619
Shelton, James H.—Dem.....	1,578	15,789

## DISTRICT ATTORNEY, BOULDER COUNTY

Twentieth Judicial District	Primary Election	General Election
Dolan, Joe—Rep.....	4,108	17,798
Scott, Rex H.—Dem.....	2,737	20,458

## DISTRICT ATTORNEY, MESA COUNTY

Twenty-first Judicial District	Primary Election	General Election
Spiecker, Frank F.—Rep.....	3,219	15,062

## DISTRICT ATTORNEY, COUNTIES OF DOLORES AND MONTEZUMA

Twenty-second Judicial District	Wade A. Dillon —Dem.	
	Primary Election	General Election
County		
Dolores.....	324	593
Montezuma.....	<u>1,193</u>	<u>3,932</u>
	1,517	4,525

**MOFFAT TUNNEL COMMISSIONERS — DIVISION ONE**  
(Elect Three)

County	Wilard L. Ball (Real Estate Taxpayers) General Election	Karl C. Brauns (Real Estate Taxpayers) General Election	Harold D. Writer (Real Estate Taxpayers) General Election
Adams.....	660	607	605
Boulder.....	21	26	29
Denver.....	20,563	20,396	20,789
Gilpin.....	41	32	31
Jefferson.....	<u>8,016</u>	<u>7,731</u>	<u>7,946</u>
	29,301	28,792	29,400

**MOFFAT TUNNEL COMMISSIONERS — Continued**

County	Louis Cilento (Moffat Tunnel Taxpayers) General Election	Franklin E. Davidson (Moffat Tunnel Taxpayers) General Election	Edward S. Greenberg (Moffat Tunnel Taxpayers) General Election	William B. Chenoweth (Write-in) —Indep. General Election
Adams.....	742	855	764	
Boulder.....	14	25	18	
Denver.....	11,797	16,822	12,837	275
Gilpin.....	26	30	14	
Jefferson.....	<u>5,238</u>	<u>5,965</u>	<u>5,361</u>	
	17,817	23,697	18,994	275

**MOFFAT TUNNEL TAXPAYERS — DIVISION TWO**  
(Elect Two)

County	John R. Burroughs (Real Estate Taxpayers) General Election	Harry W. Hansen (Real Estate Taxpayers) General Election
Eagle.....	25	20
Grand.....	394	392
Moffat.....	1,138	1,320
Routt.....	<u>1,679</u>	<u>1,490</u>
	3,236	3,222



## GENERAL INFORMATION PERTINENT TO ELECTIONS AND ELECTED OFFICIALS

### Presidential Electors

There are six presidential electors in Colorado, one each for the four congressmen and one each for the two United States Senators. The presidential electors are selected by a majority vote of the delegates to the respective party state conventions, specifically, at the convention that is held during the presidential election year. Once the presidential electors are selected by the delegates of the state convention, their actual duties do not commence until after the general election, at which time it is determined by the vote of the electors of the state what political party will be represented at the meeting of the presidential electors. In other words, regardless of what the result may be nationally, those electors required to meet are the electors representing the party whose candidates polled the highest vote in the state for president and vice president. The presidential electors convene at the Capitol of the State in the office of the Governor on the first Monday, after the second Wednesday in December, following the election, at twelve noon, and proceed to take the oath required by law for presidential electors; then, once having taken the oath, cast their official ballot for president and vice president for the candidates of their party. The law in Colorado requires that each presidential elector shall vote for the pair of presidential and vice presidential candidates who received the highest number of votes in the preceding general election in Colorado. Having then cast their votes for the candidates, the duties of the presidential electors have been performed.

### Initiative Process for Proposed Constitutional Amendments

Under the Initiative and Referendum Statute in Colorado there are provisions for electors of the State of Colorado to draft and submit to the people of Colorado proposed constitutional changes. There are a number of statutory requirements that must be followed in order for these electors to submit petitions for proposed constitutional amendments to the electors of Colorado for signatures. Detailed information may be obtained from the office of the secretary of state, specifically from the office of the state elections officer, who serves under the secretary of state. The following information is of a general nature and should be of help to those electors who might be considering the possibility of amending the State Constitution through the Initiative.

The original draft of all initiative petitions, before they are signed by the electors of the state, shall be submitted to the secretary of state, the secretary of state in turn submits this proposed constitutional amendment to a board consisting of the secretary of state, the attorney general and the reporter of the Supreme Court, who in turn designate their first title for the constitutional amendment, along with a ballot title and submission clause, which shall in the opinion of the board correctly and fairly express the intent and meaning of the proposed amendment. If the proponents of the amendment are not satisfied with the ballot title and the title as selected by the above-mentioned statutory board, they may file a motion with the secretary of state stating that

they feel the titles do not fairly express the full meaning and intent of the proposed constitutional amendment. They may at the same time submit suggested changes in wording and the board will then reconvene and consider changes in the titles. Once the titles have been agreed upon by the statutory board and by the proponents of the proposed constitutional amendment, the secretary of state's office then causes to be published once each week for two consecutive weeks in each county of the state in a legal newspaper of general circulation, a true copy of the title and the text of the proposed constitutional amendment. The expense of this publication must be borne by the proponents of the proposed constitutional amendment and must be paid in to the secretary of state before the publication takes place. Such expense is determined by the office of the secretary of state through the co-operation of the Colorado Press Association and the exact cost is determined by the length of the proposed constitutional amendment and by the length of the ballot title and title. Publication costs may vary from \$1,500 to as high as \$15,000. No petition for proposed constitutional amendments shall be of any force or effect unless filed with the secretary of state within six months from the date that the titles have been fixed **AND UNLESS FILED WITH THE SECRETARY OF STATE AT LEAST FOUR MONTHS BEFORE THE ELECTION AT WHICH IT IS TO BE VOTED UPON.** The number of signatures required for a proposed amendment is determined by a formula set by statute, this statute requires that there shall be signatures equivalent to 8 per cent of the legal voters of the State of Colorado, under the statute it provides that the number of legal voters shall be taken to mean the number of people who cast votes for all candidates for the office of the secretary of state at the preceding general election. (This would mean that in the general election of 1966, if anyone wished to submit petitions for a proposed constitutional amendment, 46,255 signatures would be required.) The signers of the petitions for the proposed constitutional amendments must be qualified electors of the State of Colorado. This means that the individual does not have to be registered to vote but must be qualified to register to vote, such qualifications being: at least twenty-one years of age, a citizen of the United States, a citizen of Colorado and have resided in the state at least twelve months, a resident of the county at least ninety days, and a resident of the precinct twenty days. The particular forms on which the petitions must be printed is provided for by statute and information concerning how the petition should be printed, what information must be contained, what size print on the petition, and other detailed information may be obtained from the office of the secretary of state.

### **Elected Officials**

The terms of the elected officials of the state vary according to the provisions set forth in the constitution and the statutes; for example, a state representative's term of office is two years and a state senator's term is four years; the district judges throughout the state are elected for a six-year term and the district attorneys are elected for four years; all of the executive officers of the state, such as the governor, the lieutenant governor, secretary of state,



attorney general, and state treasurer are elected for four-year terms. Under provisions in the constitution and the statutes in Colorado, it is possible to have a governor elected representing one particular party, with the lieutenant governor being elected and representing an opposite party, this situation has existed on several occasions. The qualifications for the various elected officers throughout the state are also set forth in the constitution and in the statutes. In the past, the holders of elective office in Colorado have been predominantly men but in the later years there have been a number of women serving in various elective offices from the county level to the state legislature. At the present moment, there are women serving in both the State Senate and the State House of Representatives. In the Colorado State Legislature, all of the members of the House of Representatives are elected every two years; in the State Senate, half of the members are elected in a general election year and the other half at the next ensuing general election. The legislature in Colorado meets every year and convenes on the first Wednesday following the first Tuesday in January. During the even numbered years, the legislature considers only financial matters and those matters which are referred to the legislature by the governor; in the odd numbered years, the legislature considers all types of legislation and this session is called the "long session."

