STATE OF COLORADO ABSTRACT OF VOTES CAST

at the

PRIMARY ELECTION

Held on the 13th day of September A.D., 1966

and at the

GENERAL ELECTION

Held on the Eighth day of November A.D., 1966

FOR

United States Senator, United States Congressmen, State, Legislative and District Officers

AND

Proposed Constitutional Amendments Referred Laws

ALSO

Directory of the United States, State, Legislative, District and County Officers

AND

General Information Pertinent to Elections and Elected Officials



COMPILED FROM OFFICIAL RETURNS BY BYRON A. ANDERSON, Secretary of State TED BACH, Deputy JAMES L. EITEMILLER, State Elections Officer

1966

PRICE 50 CENTS

DISTRICT JUDGE, MESA COUNTY

Twenty-First Judicial District	Primary Election	General Election
i wenty-rist Judicial District	Election	Election
Ela, William M.—Rep	. 3,120	14,647

DISTRICT ATTORNEY, COUNTIES OF EAGLE, LAKE AND SUMMIT (To fill vacancy)

Fifth Judicial District	Henry J. 1 —D			Eugene B. Lorig —Rep.		
County	Primary Election	General		Primary Election	General Election	
Eagle	300	891		161	919	
Lake	782	1,110		225	864	
Summit	43	200		95	480	
N 2 Y 2 +	1,125	2,201		481	2,263	
		1.1	221. 1		5 1	

MOFFAT TUNNEL COMMISSIONERS – DIVISION ONE (Elect Three)

	anna phài Thailtean	nas Kolt	Wilard L. Ball (Real Estate Taxpayers)	John M. Law (Real Estate Taxpayers)	Harold D. W (Real Esta Taxpayers	te
County			General Election	General Election	General Election	19
Adams			1,556	1,552	1,526	
Boulder			. 27	27	28	
Denver			. 32,881	33,143	32,496	
Gilpin			. 74	. 74	75	ten it
Jefferson			10,859	10,882	10,822	a 8.
			45,397	45,678	44,947	

MOFFAT TUNNEL COMMISSIONERS - DIVISION TWO (Elect Two)

the second s
Harry W. Hansen (Real Estate Taxpayers)
General General
Election
9
319
1,135 14.5
1,193
2,656

in a second s and second sec

47

GENERAL INFORMATION PERTINENT TO ELECTIONS AND ELECTED OFFICIALS

Presidential Electors

There are six presidential electors in Colorado, one each for the four congressmen and one each for the two United States Senators. The presidential electors are selected by a majority vote of the delegates to the respective party state conventions, specifically, at the convention that is held during the presidential election year. Once the presidential electors are selected by the delegates of the state convention, their actual duties do not commence until after the general election, at which time it is determined by the vote of the electors of the state what political party will be represented at the meeting of the presidential electors. In other words, regardless of what the result may be nationally, those electors required to meet are the electors representing the party whose candidates polled the highest vote in the state for president and vice president. The presidential electors convene at the Capitol of the State in the office of the Governor on the first Monday, after the second Wednesday in December, following the election, at twelve noon, and proceed to take the oath required by law for presidential electors; then, once having taken the oath, cast their official ballot for president and vice president for the candidates of their party. The law in Colorado requires that each presidential elector shall vote for the pair of presidential and vice presidential candidates who received the highest number of votes in the preceding general election in Colorado. Having then cast their votes for the candidates, the duties of the presidential electors have been performed.

Initiative Process for Proposed Constitutional Amendments

Under the Initiative and Referendum Statute in Colorado there are provisions for electors of the State of Colorado to draft and submit to the people of Colorado proposed constitutional changes. There are a number of statutory requirements that must be followed in order for these electors to submit petitions for proposed constitutional amendments to the electors of Colorado for signatures. Detailed information may be obtained from the office of the secretary of state, specifically from the office of the state elections officer, who serves under the secretary of state. The following information is of a general nature and should be of help to those electors who might be considering the possibility of amending the State Constitution through the Initiative.

The original draft of all initiative petitions, before they are signed by the electors of the state, shall be submitted to the secretary of state, the secretary of state in turn submits this proposed constitutional amendment to a board consisting of the secretary of state, the attorney general and the reporter of the Supreme Court, who in turn designate their first title for the constitutional amendment, along with a ballot title and submission clause, which shall in the opinion of the board correctly and fairly express the intent and meaning of the proposed amendment. If the proponents of the amendment are not satisfied with the ballot title and the title as selected by the above-mentioned statutory board, they may file a motion with the secretary of state stating that they feel the titles do not fairly express the full meaning and intent of the proposed constitutional amendment. They may at the same time submit suggested changes in wording and the board will then reconvene and consider changes in the titles. Once the titles have been agreed upon by the statutory board and by the proponents of the proposed constitutional amendment, the secretary of state's office then causes to be published once each week for two consecutive weeks in each county of the state in a legal newspaper of general circulation, a true copy of the title and the text of the proposed constitutional amendment. The expense of this publication must be borne by the proponents of the proposed constitutional amendment and must be paid in to the secretary of state before the publication takes place. Such expense is determined by the office of the secretary of state through the co-operation of the Colorado Press Association and the exact cost is determined by the length of the proposed constitutional amendment and by the length of the ballot title and title. Publication costs may vary from \$1,500 to as high as \$15,000. No petition for proposed constitutional amendments shall be of any force or effect unless filed with the secretary of state within six months from the date that the titles have been fixed AND UNLESS FILED WITH THE SECRETARY OF STATE AT LEAST FOUR MONTHS BEFORE THE ELECTION AT WHICH IT IS TO BE VOTED UPON. The number of signatures required for a proposed amendment is determined by a formula set by statute, this statute requires that there shall be signatures equivalent to 8 per cent of the legal voters of the State of Colorado, under the statute it provides that the number of legal voters shall be taken to mean the number of people who cast votes for all candidates for the office of the secretary of state at the preceding general election. (This would mean that in the general election of 1968, if anyone wished to submit petitions for a proposed constitutional amendment, 49,697 signatures would be required.) The signers of the petitions for the proposed constitutional amendments must be qualified electors of the State of Colorado. This means that the individual does not have to be registered to vote but must be qualified to register to vote, such qualifications being: at least twenty-one years of age, a citizen of the United States, a citizen of Colorado and have resided in the state at least twelve months, a resident of the county at least ninety days, and a resident of the precinct twenty days. The particular forms on which the petitions must be printed is provided for by statute and information concerning how the petition should be printed, what information must be contained, what size print on the petition, and other detailed information may be obtained from the office of the secretary of state.

Elected Officials

The terms of the elected officials of the state vary according to the provisions set forth in the constitution and the statutes; for example, a state representative's term of office is two years and a state senator's term is four years; the district judges throughout the state are elected for a six-year term and the district attorneys are elected for four years; all of the executive officers of the state, such as the governor, the lieutenant governor, secretary of state, attorney general, and state treasurer are elected for four-year terms. Under provisions in the constitution and the statutes in Colorado, it is possible to have a governor elected representing one particular party, with the lieutenant governor being elected and representing an opposite party; this situation has existed on several occasions. The qualifications for the various elected officers throughout the state are also set forth in the constitution and in the statutes. In the past, the holders of elective office in Colorado have been predominantly men but in the later years there have been a number of women serving in various elective offices from the county level to the state legislature. At the present moment, there are women serving in both the State Senate and the State House of Representatives. In the Colorado State Legislature, all of the members of the House of Representatives are elected every two years; in the State Senate, half of the members are elected in a general election year and the other half at the next ensuing general election. The legislature in Colorado meets every year and convenes on the first Wednesday following the first Tuesday in January. During the even numbered years, the legislature considers only financial matters and those matters which are referred to the legislature by the governor; in the odd numbered years, the legislature considers all types of legislation and this session is called the "long session."

VOTER REGISTRATION IN COLORADO FOR GENERAL ELECTION

November 8, 1966

County		DEM. 25,406		REP. 10,653	IND. 21,447	TOTAL 57,506
Alams						
Alamosa		2,301		1,352	1,183	4,836
Arapahoe		16,193		19,650	27,145	62,988
Archuleta		775		343	285	1,408
Baca		1,112		1,047	1,102	3,261
Bent.		1,738		862	801	3,401
Boulder		12,227		14,210	22,158	48,595
Chaffee		1,651		901	2,247	4,798
Cheyenne		514		748	254	1,516
Clear Creek		944		787	611 292	2,342
Conejos		1,662		1,962		3,916
Costilla		1,703		283	336	2,322
Crowley		795		571	387	1,753
Custer		342		418	123	883
Delta		1,909		3,076	3,366	8,366
Denver		120,453		67,801	69,506	257,760
Dolores.		541		195	244	980
Douglas		1,074		1,236	1,090	3,400
Eagle		1,136		689	1,311	3,136
Elbert		672		915	547	2,134
El Paso		14,437		19,284	25,626	59,347
Fremont	14	4,028		3,551	3,600	11,179
Garfield		2,300		2,300 294	* 2,300 138	6,903 832
Gilpin Grand		400 538		294 977	656	2,171
Gunnison		1.476		986	613	3,075
Hinsdale		43		166	28	237
Huerfano		3,095		661	651	4,407
Jackson		220		304	280	804
Jefferson		22.228		24,769	46,453	93,450
Kiowa		419		620	378	1,417
Kit Carson		1,161		1,831	864	3,856
Lake		2.037		510	822	3,369
La Plata		2,961		2,973	2.902	8,836
Larimer		5,398		9,660	15,614	30,672
Las Animas		7,258		1,597	1,161	10,116
Lincoln		907		957	743	2,607
Logan		2,000		2,319	* 4,000	8,319
Mesa		8,250		7,678	9,175	25,103
Mineral		255		66	71	392
Moffat		2,000	*	1,000	* 667	3,667
Montezuma		2,652		1,385	1,718	5,754
Montrose		3,122		2,535	2,713	8,370
Morgan		1,813		2,378	4,716	8,907
Otero	*	4,200	*	3,540	* 4,000	11,740
Ouray		340		331	412	1,083
Park		370		415	527	1,312
Phillips		732		1,087	794	2,613
Pitkin		660		586	879	2,125
Prowers		2,434		2,231	* 2,095	6,760
Pueblo		25,231		8,415	22,465	56,111
Rio Blanco		1,174		1,080	334	2,588
Rio Grande		1,542		1,883	1,405	4,830
Routt		1,776		1,119	774	3,669
Saguache		669		820	756	2,245
San Juan		197		117	203	517
San Miguel		597 545		301 808	296 771	1,194
Summit		345		355	378	2,124
Teller		1,280		355	* 98	1,119
Washington		958		1,525	822	1,698 3,305
Weld		9.000	*	9,000	* 18,000	36,000
Yuma		1,542		1,663	1,639	4,844
	-					
TOTAL REGISTERED VOTERS		335,779		252,096	336,972 -	924,968
TOTAL VOTES CAST					*****************	660,065
*Estimate						

*Estimate